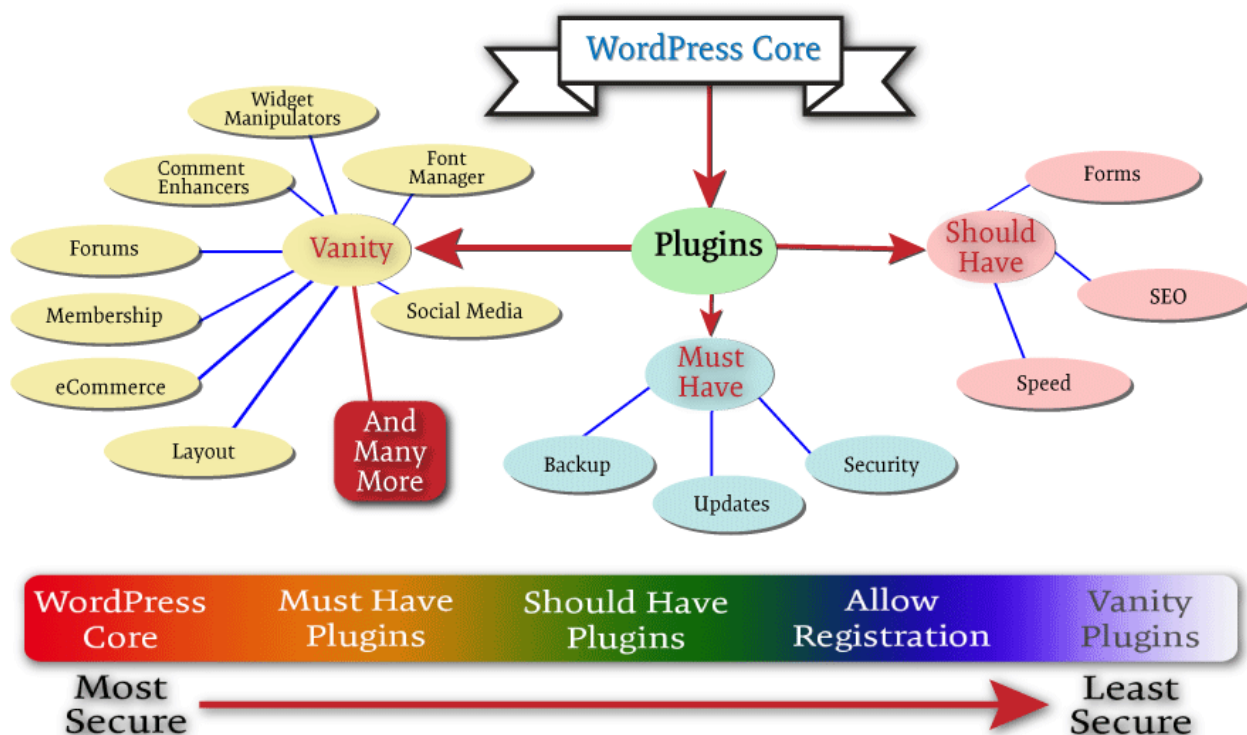


# Types of WordPress Plugins I Should Use



WordPress plugins tree

**As you can see from the above chart,** it is more like the family tree of plugins off the main WordPress core. The explanation and the presentation of it is my interpretation of the WordPress plugin hierarchy. I know some of you may not agree, some of you will, and even more of you will think it is over simplified, but that's the kind of thing I meant to convey.

**The WordPress core itself is extremely secure,** and by that I mean as secure as any content management system, CMS out there can be. Since it is written and updated by developers, and has a whole community behind it helping its validity, it is one of the most secure CMS's out there today. It has checks and balances because of it.

**The WordPress core, (red,) is the most secure version** of your site. As it moves to the right and you keep adding more and more things, such as plugins, it gets less secure, (white.) Coming off of the green into the blue area denotes a

website that is more vulnerable to breaking and/ or getting hacked. My best advice is to make sure security is in place, and research your vanity plugins thoroughly before installing them.

**Must have plug-ins:** These are the plugins in my book that I feel no WordPress website should be without. This will definitely vary from person to person, and from developer to developer. These are the plugins that I recommend, and I am totally open to this changing as I learn more or hear better arguments. That can happen a lot in this business, and one of the coolest thing about WordPress. In this area I have the following categories: **Backups, Updating, Security, and Anti-spam.**

**Should have WordPress plugins:** These are the plugins that you will install after you have finished installing and testing the plugins on the “Must have” list. This section, plus the previous section will give you a fully functioning interactive site, with the bare minimum of headache when you are trying to keep your site secure. I have included the following categories in this area: **SEO, Caching, Responsiveness, and Forms.** Personally I don’t think you can do without any of the plug-ins from either of the above areas. This, to me, is a full site if you are looking to have a functional, interactive site, that also has the chance to be discovered in the web.

**Vanity WordPress plugins:** Believe it or not, this is a favourite section of mine. I do like my Vanity plugins, because some of them are really cool, add value, and most are very well supported. I am not one of those developer that will poo-poo you because you want to add vanity plugins to your website. If I am designing your website you just have to abide by my rules when it comes to any plugins in this category. You just have to be careful how you choose a Vanity plugin, and what purpose it is supposed to serve on your site.

**I have created a table for you to look at** with specific examples of plugins I use that fall into each of the areas. Also when adding a new plugin directly from the list below, I have outlined the procedure below, and this procedure should work most of the time, but otherwise it is very easy to figure out:

1. Click the link to the plugin
2. Download the plugin to your hard-drive
3. Go back into your “Admin” section of your site

4. Select "Plugins"
5. Select "Add New"
6. Select "Upload Plugin" at the top of the page
7. Click the "Choose file" button
8. Find the plugin on your hard-drive - highlight file and select Open, (usually in your downloads folder.)
9. Click the "Install Now"
10. Activate plugin
11. Re-read documentation on the plugin to know how it sets itself up on your computer
12. Check that plugin is there and configure it

### Video coming soon on how to download and install a plugin

Area	Category	Specific plugin (* = Best in my book)
Must Have	Backup	<a href="#">Backup Buddy</a> * No free version <a href="#">BackWPU</a> * - Free
	Updating	<a href="#">iThemes Sync</a> * Free - on-line service <a href="#">JetPack Monitor</a> Free - on-line service <a href="#">ManageWP</a> * Monthly subscription - on-line service
	Security	<a href="#">iThemes Security</a> * Free and paid version <a href="#">Sucuri</a> * No free version - on-line <a href="#">CloudFlare</a> * Free and paid version - on-line service <a href="#">Really Simple CAPTCHA</a> - Free
	Anti-Spam	Akismet - * Free and comes with WordPress
Should Have	SEO	<a href="#">WordPress SEO</a> by Yoast * Free and paid version
	Caching	<a href="#">W3 Total Cache</a> * - Free and paid version <a href="#">P3 (Plugin Performance Profiler)</a> - Free
	Responsiveness	<a href="#">WP Touch</a> * - Paid version <a href="#">JetPack Mobile theme</a> - Free
	Forms	<a href="#">Gravity Forms</a> * - No free version <a href="#">Contact Forms 7</a> * Free
Vanity	Editor	<a href="#">WPEdit</a> * Free
	Social buttons	<a href="#">Floating Social Bar</a> * Free <a href="#">SumoMe</a> - Free and paid version - On-line service with plugin

Area	Category	Specific plugin (* = Best in my book)
	Widgets	<a href="#">Display Widgets</a> - Free
	Media Library	<a href="#">Enhanced Media Library</a> - Free
	Typography	<a href="#">Google Font Manager</a> - Free <a href="#">Hide Title</a> - Free <a href="#">No Page Comment</a> - Free <a href="#">Yet Another Related Posts Plugin</a> - Free

**There are definitely tons more plugins than this**, but this will give you a basic idea of the areas that you will most likely need to fill first. Whatever you are looking for can be found by following the steps above the table for finding a plugin or a type of plugin. Let's say you have an idea and you want to see if there is a plugin exists that might help, then type it in.

**Remember that a bad plugin has the potential** of crashing your site. So when you install a plugin, always check that your site is working after **EACH** install. Don't install 5 or 6 plugins, and then check your site. If it isn't working, then there is no way to tell which plugin was responsible. So take your time and test, test, test as much as you can. Try and limit the number of plugins you install, and delete the plugins that you are not using. Also delete any themes that you aren't using as well. This can help the possible chances that a hacker can get to your website, but all of this is discussed in another article with this site, when I talk about how to tighten up, or lock down your site.

## WordPress Theme Resources

### WordPress Themes:

**These are the resources that I use** or ones that come highly recommended to me. Each organization that designs their own themes can also have a framework that they work under, and I will do a blog on frameworks later on. So if you are going to use a Rockettheme template, for example, you would do better using their framework as well which comes in the form of a separate plugin called Gantry, but this can be a good thing. Woothemes has its own framework as well,

so shop around if you are “Geeky” enough to want to spend the time.

**Most of these sites have both free and paid themes.** For a really good theme for your site, you can find free ones that will fit your needs, but beware, they are what they are. They may not be updated often enough, and could break down after a few updates to the WordPress main core.

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**WordPress.org:** *Some great free themes here. Some will already come bundled with your installation of WordPress. There is a better chance that these themes will be supported although a lot of these are also designed by third party designers. The difference is that they have to be approved by WordPress before they are available for download.*



**RocketTheme:** *“Has an extensive collection of premium WordPress themes available for purchase and download. Each of our themes are built with usability and customization as a priority. Each theme can be easily modified to fit virtually any blog, portfolio, or corporate site. They add a new theme every month, and an array of propitiatory extensions to enhance your site”. These are the themes I use at the moment, not because I think they are better, but because I am in a Rockettheme mode at the moment.*



**Elegant Themes:** *“Design is our art and our passion. Our goal is to create the best WordPress Themes with a pixel-perfect eye for detail and a high standard for aesthetic excellence. Let us help you make your website simple, beautiful and professional.” I have used their themes in the past, and found them to be really good.*

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**Headway Themes:** *“Headway Themes allow you to build any layout you can think of, with full customization of any page with the powerful Headway Visual Editor.” I have one test site using this type of theme. Like all intricate themes, there is a learning curve that will have to be overcome, but worth it in*

*the end.*



**WooThemes:** *are powered by the versatile WooFramework allowing you to build a site with incredible flexibility. They also have some very powerful plugins, including their eCommerce one, that work better with their themes.*

## Other WordPress Theme Resources to try:



**Theme Trust - <http://themetrust.com/>**

Moderately price themes ranging from basic to magazine templates. Very nice and responsive, but it is a pay for template site. This isn't a bad thing, as I said in my earlier articles, the support is generally better and updates are generally better when you purchase a theme rather than go for a free one.



**Studio Press - <http://www.studiopress.com/>**

The Genesis framework in particular use the child theme that it has to get close to the build the client is looking for. It will help you get close to the build they want and helps those on a limited budget. Genesis is a great framework to be working with, and if you are going to start learning a framework, I would recommend this one.



### **[PageLines - http://www.pagelines.com/shop/](http://www.pagelines.com/shop/)**

PageLines customers are a diverse and talented group of professionals from around the world. PageLines software is now used in over 170+ countries and powers sites as varied as Bicycle Tours in London to Musicians in Sweden. Within such a global community there are many unique ways of designing websites. With this in mind we wanted to create a place where you can share your creativity and learn from the creativity of others.



### **[Template Hawk - www.templatehawk.com](http://www.templatehawk.com)**

This is yet another resource for templates. They really have nothing to say about themselves over there but they do have some decent templates and offer 'affordable' customization.



### **[Themezilla - www.themezilla.com/](http://www.themezilla.com/)**

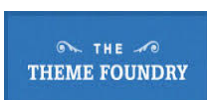
We build premium WordPress themes & plugins. Over 40,000 customers use our themes to power their websites.

Become a member today and download our entire collection.



### **[Creative Market - www.creativemarket.com](http://www.creativemarket.com)**

Yet another company that doesn't say a lot for itself, but I would recommend going over there and taking a look. There themes are really beautiful, and very pastel like. They also have plug-ins and custom vector graphics. Their blog is also not all about them but have a great number of useful "How to" articles. So check it out.



### **[Theme Foundry - thethemefoundry.com](http://thethemefoundry.com)**

A brand you can trust. Established in 2008, we've been selling WordPress themes for over 7 years. We're an official WordPress.com partner. Our themes meet their strict quality and security guidelines. Our newest themes include professional grade Typekit® fonts. You won't find this anywhere else.



**[ZigZag Press - http://zigzagpress.com/](http://zigzagpress.com/)**

Find a range of flexible, functional Premium WordPress Themes built on the rock-solid Genesis framework! Yet another website that offers themes running on the Genesis framework. You can beat that.



**[JV Zoo - http://www.jvzoo.com](http://www.jvzoo.com)**

In case you wanted to create a store just selling templates, plugins and the like, I included this website. In their own words: "There are no out of pocket costs to become a JVZoo seller. You can create as many buy buttons as you like and add as many products as you want to our marketplace. You will never be charged a fee for doing so."

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## Wanna Find a Plug-in?

**I re-worked this wonderful compilation of plugins** I have come across. Some of them will be old, so let me know, and I will try to keep an updated list. My favourites are among these, but I have probably test-driven all of them at some point. I have also left out some of the more obvious ones, and it's fine to bring my attention to those as well.

**So if you have a plug-in you would like to see** on the list feel free to post it in the comments section below along with anything else you might have to say. This list will be changing from week to week and I will be adding new information as I get ideas of what to include, and I will be tweeting the changes so make sure [you are following me on twitter](#).



**I am also not rating which I think are best** at the moment, but it is on the cards when I review this list for plugin additions, so if you see an asterisk, or other form of rating mechanism, then that means I have started doing just that. So check your twitter feed under [@barbapplestudio](#)

**A really nice resource for searching for plugins based on category, downloads, votes, etc is:**

<http://wpplugindirectory.org/>

**“Google Trends for .org Plugins” - Simple tool to compare free WordPress.org plugins side-by-side:**

<https://bestfreewpplugin.com/>

### **Custom Post Types**

- <http://www.wp-types.com>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/cpt-onomies/>
- <http://pods.io/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/my-content-management/> — Lesser known, not great for clients, but still powerful for developers and free.

### **Custom Fields**

- <http://www.advancedcustomfields.com/>

### **OPTIMIZATION**

#### ***For Images***

- <http://jetpack.me/support/photon/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/ewww-image-optimizer/>
- <http://wordpress.org/extend/plugins/wp-smushit/>
- <https://wordpress.org/plugins/imsanity/>

#### ***For Managing When Plugins or Scripts Load***

- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/css-javascript-toolbox/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/plugin-organizer/>

#### ***For Caching***

- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/w3-total-cache/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/wp-super-cache/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/hyper-cache/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/cloudflare/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/em-object-cache/>
- <http://wp-rocket.me/> (Premium — free version on it's way soon)

## SEO

- <http://www.prelovac.com/vladimir/wordpress-plugins/seo-friendly-images>
- <http://www.vretoolbar.com/news/seo-slugs-wordpress-plugin>
- <http://yoast.com/wordpress/seo/>
- <http://www.weberz.com/plugins/404-redirected/>

## Google Analytics Dashboard

- <https://wordpress.org/plugins/google-analytics-dashboard-for-wp/>

## Sliders

- <http://soliloquywp.com>
- <http://codecanyon.net/item/slider-pro-wordpress-premium-slider-plugin/253501>
- <http://shouldiuseacarousel.com/>
- <http://codecanyon.net/item/layerslider-responsive-wordpress-slider-plugin-/1362246>
- <http://dimsemenov.com/plugins/royal-slider/wordpress/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/infinite-slider/>

## Full Screen Background Sliders

- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/wp-supersized/>

## Social Sharing

- Social Sharing Toolkit <http://www.blogaid.net/social-media-widget-plugin-injecting-spam> Video tutorial to help folks switch from the Social Media Widget plugin over to Social Sharing Toolkit and configure it.

## Security

- iThemes Security (formerly Better WP Security) <http://wordpress.org/plugins/better-wp-security/>
- BruteProtect <http://wordpress.org/plugins/bruteprotect/>
- Wordfence Security <http://wordpress.org/plugins/wordfence/>
- All In One WP Security and Firewall <http://wordpress.org/plugins/all-in-one-wp-security-and-firewall/>

## **Spam**

- <http://bad-behavior.ioerror.us/>
- <http://www.itquad.com/wordpress/plugins/wp-email-guard>

## **Event**

- <http://wp-events-plugin.com/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/the-events-calendar/>
- <https://wordpress.org/plugins/all-in-one-event-calendar/>

## **RSS Aggregation / Feed to Post Import**

- <http://www.wprssaggregator.com>

## **Frontend Post/Registration**

- <http://wedevs.com/plugin/wp-user-frontend-pro/>

## **Forms**

- <http://www.gravityforms.com/>
- <http://contactform7.com/>
- <http://formidablepro.com>
- <http://ninjaforms.com>

## **Backup/clone**

- <https://wordpress.org/plugins/duplicator/>

## **Newsletter**

- <https://wordpress.org/plugins/wysija-newsletters/>

## **Sidebar**

- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/content-aware-sidebars/>
- <http://wordpress.org/plugins/woosidebars/>

This is by no means a definitive list but it will be growing and I will be [posting it on twitter for sure](#).

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# Color in HTML and CSS

## The 3 ways to represent color in HTML or CSS

There are a few ways to define color in on a webpage using HTML and CSS, and I will be defining the 3 popular ones here. These codes can be used to define a specific background color, link text color, or paragraph, (regular text,) for a web-page. My personal use of the color tag in CSS and HTML is to write the color as a HEX value and as a HSL value.

This is because some of the older browsers, and they are still being used, don't pick up the HSL values as easily as they do the HEX values, and HEX has been around forever, and can be picked up easily. Wherever you can imagine color being used that isn't an image, the following are the most popular ways to do it.

**RGB:** Red, Green, Blue

written as: `(color="red")`

written as: `color="green"`

written as: `color="blue"`

This is as simple as it looks. The color red, green and blue. There are other colors such as cyan, but you get the idea.

**HSL:** Hue, Saturation, Lightness **(See color wheel above.)**

written as - Green: `{color: hsl(120, 100%, 50%);}`

written as - light green: `{color: hsl(120, 100%, 75%);}`

written as - dark green: `{color: hsl(120, 100%, 25%);}`

written as – pastel green: `{color: hsl(120, 60%, 70%);}`

Hue represents the angle in a color wheel from 0 to 360.

Saturation is written as a number between 0 and 100, expressed as a percentage.

Lightness is the amount of lightness, or white in a color and is also expressed as a percentage.

The HSL value is necessary for some browsers. Writing clean code is important, and for me that means giving both a Hex value and an HSL value to make sure that the proper color is picked up by the browser.

**HEX:** RRGGBB – 6 digit number/letter combination groups of 2 2 2

1<sup>st</sup> set of 2 corresponds to the Red Value in the RGB style

2<sup>nd</sup> set of 2 corresponds to the Green Value in the RGB style

3<sup>rd</sup> set of 2 corresponds to the Blue Value in the RGB style

written as (`color="#ff0000"`) – RED – All red and no green or blue

written as (`color="#00ff00"`) – GREEN – All green and no red or blue

written as (`color="#0000ff"`) – BLUE – All blue and no green or red

written as (`color="#ffffff"`) – WHITE – All red, all green, and all blue

written as (`color="#0000"`) – BLACK – No red, no green, and no blue

I hope this isn't too confusing, but it is meant as a reference guide first, but it will should help you to recognise the color element next time you look at a piece of HTML or CSS. Please check out my articles on HTML and CSS later in this blog.

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## Securing your WordPress website

**I thought this article was going to be** a little further down the line, but something happened yesterday that pushed the timeline up a month or 2. I was working vigorously on getting BarbApple studios up to speed, you know the drill: website with matching Facebook, and Twitter page, when the unthinkable

happened. My servers went down, and the explanation I got was “Our server thought there was too much activity on my site, logging in and out, branded it as malicious activity and we shut you down.” This might not have been an issue, but I tried to log in like 7 times, and they couldn’t figure out what the issue was.

**WordPress was allowing me to change the admin password**, but not allowing me to log in. After a day of this nonsense, and back and forth with tech support, it hit us both at the same time. I had a plug installed by BWS plugins called ‘Limit Attempts,’ and that’s what kept me logged out. So when the servers came back online, I was blacklisted from my work computer, and the tech that was helping me also got blacklisted. We went about it 2 different ways, and got the same result, we were able to log back in again.

**I had the idea of going to phpmyadmin and deleting the records** in the plugin table, but thought that was a bit rash, so instead I FTP’d to my site and just deleted the plugins folder. That might be considered rash anyway, although at the same time my tech deleted the records from the database using phpmyadmin. I don’t know which had the desired effect or both, had the desired effect, but I am back. I think his method might have worked fine, but I’d like to think I would have gotten a plugin missing error, and would be allowed in anyway, as this has happened before. So there you are, the beginning of a post on how to secure your WordPress website. This will be part 1) of 2) I think, because I want to do this properly. I am going to discuss the types of things you need to stop, how to stop them, and the reputable plugins that will help. So stay tuned.

**WordPress will not crash your website, but plugins and themes will.** WordPress, as I have said before, is one of the most stable web environments out there at the moment. When people complain about WordPress crashing, what they usually mean is that it had crashed due to a plugin being bad or in need of updating, or a theme that stopped working. WordPress itself is as stable as it gets on the world wide web.

**BACK UP YOUR SITE!**

**This is the most important thing I can tell you to do.** Do not assume that the place you are hosting has it covered. Whilst they may do, they could charge you extra money for a restore, and they may not get the restore exactly as you want it. Do it yourself, because WordPress has made it so simple. There are many plugins

that will do the job adequately, but the one that I use for all my sites is the plugin BackWPup by Pento. It has been around forever and just does what it says it is going to do. So check that out in the plugins section of my blog, as it is one of my favorites.

## **Administrator Log in**

**Do not use admin, user, test, or administrator** as the main log in user name. When you think about it, they aren't really user names. These are the first names a hacker will attack, and it means that all they have to get now is the password.

**Longer passwords are better:** You don't have to produce intricate passwords, but long ones - like sentences. People think they have to have longer cryptic passwords, but they forget them. Longer is better in this case, and the chances that you remember it will be better.

**If you are the administrator of your WordPress site,** create another user account with editor privileges to post to your own blog, so that you are not always logging in as an administrator. This way there is less of a chance of being key-logged when you are using your website. The admin account you set up should be used for admin purposes only, and this is a good thing to teach your clients also because there is more of a chance of them just posting to their sites than administering to it. This is a tricky one for me because I admin so many sites, that I am admining more than actually posting but your average client will not.

## **Update your WordPress**

**Always update your WordPress core,** plugins, and your themes whenever they are due. Don't wait a few weeks or even days to do this. The need updated for a reason, so go ahead and do it. You will only make things worse if you don't. Sometimes after I update the WordPress core, I log out and relog back in again to see if anything else has changed in the update department, such as plugins or themes. This may not be necessary, but it is a habit I have gotten into over the years. I just know that I have left updates for a while and crashed my website a few times. There was one time I remember I had to do a full re-install because I didn't update.